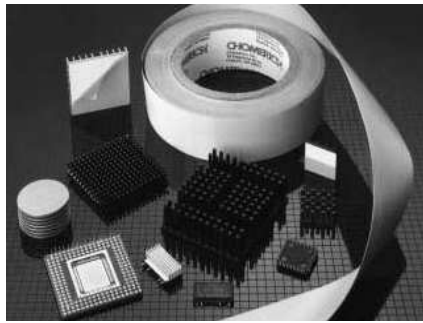


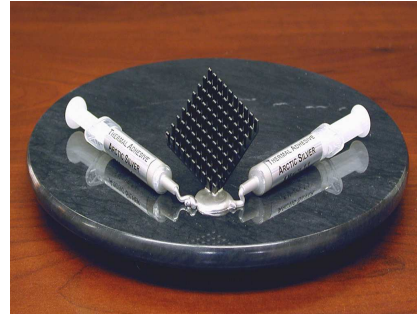
# Heat Sink Attachment Methods

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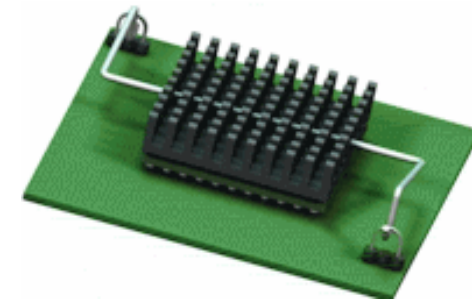
## Thermal Tape

Pressure sensitive adhesive tape, acrylic



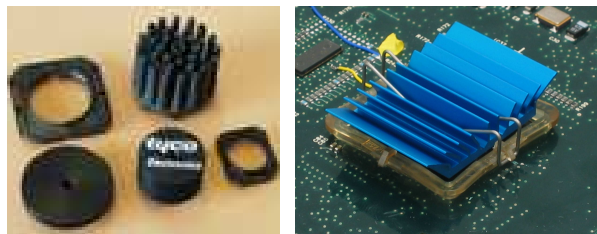
## Epoxy

Single or dual-part mixed adhesive with thermally conductive fillers



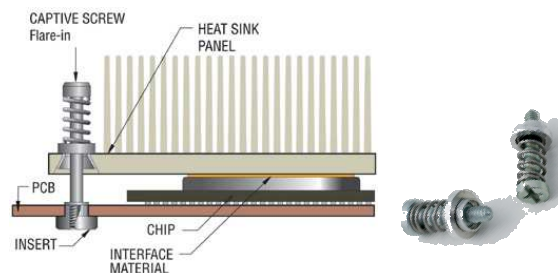
## Wire Form "Z-Clips"

Stainless steel wire formed clip



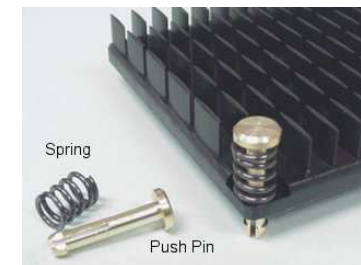
## Clips

Plastic or plastic/wire clips that grip the components



## Threaded Stand-Offs (PEMs) and Compression Springs

Threaded mechanical assemblies that offer the highest level of retention and stability



## Push-Pins & Compression Springs

Plastic or brass push-pin that offer quick and easy mechanical attachment

# Heat Sink Attachment Methods

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•Method	•Pros	•Cons	•Cost
•Thermal Tape	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Easy to attach</li> <li>• Inexpensive</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Does not perform well with heavier heat sinks</li> <li>• Surface must be cleaned for optimal adhesion</li> <li>• Moderate to low thermal conductivity</li> </ul>	• \$
•Epoxy	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Strong mechanical adhesion</li> <li>• Relatively Inexpensive</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Makes board rework difficult and can damage the component</li> <li>• Surface must be cleaned for optimal adhesion</li> </ul>	• \$\$
•Wire Form (Z-Clips)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Strong mechanical attachment</li> <li>• Easy removal/rework</li> <li>• Applies a preload to the TIM, improving thermal performance</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Requires holes in the board or solder anchors</li> <li>• More expensive than tape or epoxy</li> <li>• Custom designs</li> </ul>	• \$\$ • \$
•Clip-on	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Applies a preload to the TIM, improving thermal performance</li> <li>• Requires no holes or anchors</li> <li>• Easy removal/rework</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Must design in the attachment for proper keep-out zone around BGA</li> <li>• Extra assembly steps</li> </ul>	• \$\$ • \$
•Push-pin w/ Compression springs	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Strong mechanical attachment</li> <li>• Highest TIM preload</li> <li>• Ideal for large HS</li> <li>• Easy removal and installation</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Requires holes in the board, limiting amount of trace on the PCB</li> <li>• Cost</li> </ul>	• \$\$ • \$\$
•Stand-offs w/ Compression Springs	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Strongest mechanical attachment</li> <li>• Highest TIM preload</li> <li>• Ideal for large HS</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Requires holes in the board, limiting amount of trace on the PCB</li> <li>• Complicated assembly</li> <li>• Cost</li> </ul>	• \$\$ • \$\$ • \$